2012 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT (CCR) CERTIFICATION

Community Water System Name:	OSCEOLA WATERWORKS
Community Water System ID:	64903410
the following address: KEN SC	s form by July 1, 2013 to your Regional DNR Drinking Water Representative at therer, DNR- REGIONAL HEADQUARTERS, 810 WEST MAPLE STREET, SPOONER, WI 54801, -4052, FAX#: 715-635-4027
You must include an actual copy	of the CCR.
I confirm that this system's Const	umer Confidence Report was distributed to customers as indicated below
and information contained in the	CCR is correct and consistent with compliance data submitted to DNR.
Options for CCR distribution are base	ed on population served. Check all items that were completed.
100,000 or more consumers. All of CCR was posted on the I CCR was distributed by a CCR is available to the p	nternet at: http:// mail or electronically* on (date):
10.001-99.999 consumers. All of the	e following are required: mail or electronically* on (date):
501-10,000 consumers. The followi CCR is available to the p At least one of the following Option 1: CCR was distributed by	public upon request
in newspaper, water bill notification that CCR wi Option 3: CCR was distributed by	local newspaper. Attach copy, name of publication and date. Customer was also informed or other method that CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method of ll not be mailed: mail, electronically* or direct delivery. List method and date: in a local newspaper. Attach copy, name of publication and date.
500 or fewer consumers. At least o A notice that the report i location. It says CCR w	
reach these water users. At least one Check all that apply. X Published CCR in local new Yes Posted CCR in public place Advertised availability of C Yes Posted CCR on the Internet Mailed CCR to postal patro Delivered multiple CCR co Delivered CCR to commun	wspaper. Copy attached. s. List of locations attached. — Village Idall CR upon request. Announcement attached. at: http:// Village location. Wille ms in service area. Zip codes used are attached. pies to single bill addresses serving apartments, businesses, and large employers, etc. ity organizations. Attach list.
(Phone)	(E-mail address)

^{*}If electronic delivery was used you must provide additional information. See reverse side.

Rev. 02/13

If electronic	delivery was used in lieu of mailing the CCR, check which method of electronic delivery was used.
	An e-mail was sent to consumers containing a link (URL) to a web page that contained the CCR. The e-mail included a statement encouraging readership. It also instructed how to request a paper CCR. E-mails that bounced back as undeliverable were addressed by sending the customer a CCR by another direct delivery method. A copy of the e-mail message is attached.
***************************************	An e-mail was sent to consumers containing an electronic copy of the CCR as an attachment in a format that can be viewed without paying for additional software (e.g., PDF format). The e-mail included a statement encouraging readership. It also instructed how to request a paper CCR. E-mails that bounced back as undeliverable were addressed by another direct delivery method. A copy of the e-mail message is attached.
	An e-mail was sent to consumers containing the CCR as text and tables within the message. The e-mail included a statement encouraging readership. It also instructed how to request a paper CCR. E-mails that bounced back as undeliverable were addressed by sending the customer a CCR by another direct delivery method. A copy of the e-mail message is attached.
Fo	or any of the above methods, undeliverable e-mail messages were addressed by doing the following:
<u>×</u>	A bill or other mailing to customers contained a link (URL) to a web page that contained the CCR. The URL was prominently displayed in the mailing. It included an option for the customer to request a paper CCR and included a statement about water quality to promote readership. In addition, a separate notification was given to customers

who use electronic payment, since not all customers who electronically pay their bills may receive a paper bill or open a paper bill if they do receive it. A copy of the bill or mailing is attached. A copy of the notification given to

customers who use electronic payment is enclosed.

OSCEOLA UTILITIES • 310 Chieftain Street • P.O. BOX 217 OSCEOLA, WI 54020 • (715) 294-3498 • www.vil.osceola.wi.us

READING DATES
PREVIOUS PRESENT BILLING DATE 4/16/13 6/19/13 6/19/13 USAGE PREV **PRES** DESCRIPTION

30210 30220 30210 30220 10 WATER 10 SEWER

124 COTTAGE DR

PRESORTED FIRST CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID OSCEOLA, WI PERMIT NO: 18

PITNEY BOWES

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED 00014B044F021 ZIP CODE \$19206

DUE DATE AFTER DUE DATE PAY \$12.46 7/09/2013 SERVICE ADDRESS

2012 Consumer Confidence Report Available News & Reminders on Website and Facebook Page

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ▼ PLEASE RETURN BOTTOM STUB WITH PAYMENT ▼

Ford Trucks • Dune Buggies

STATE OF WISCONSIN

Phillip Bock, being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is an authorized representative of THE OSCEOLA SUN, a newspaper published at Osceola, Wisconsin, Polk County, ad State of Wisconsin, and that an advertisement of which the annexed is a true copy, taken from said paper, was published

Subscribed and sworn before me,

this 19th day of June, 2013.

Notary Public Polk County, Wisconsin My commission expires February 12, 2017.



POLK COUNTY COURT

2012 Consumer Confidence Report OSCEOLA WATERWORKS, PWS ID 64903410

Id like to know more about the information contained in this report, please contact James A. Schmidt at (715) 294-2233. e Board meets on the second Tuesday of the month in the Village Hall at 7 p.m.

Information

vater, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the ental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

pple may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with idergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, Is can be particularly at risk from Infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guideppropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Environmental Protection safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

e(s) of Water

Source	Depth (in feet)	Status
Groundwater	595	Active
Groundwater	600	Active
Groundwater	260	Reconstructed well
	st tostona engla tagmagagan	mes A. Schmidt at (715) 294-2233

ational Information

as of drinking water, both tap water and bottled water, include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or

ants that may be present in source water include: ial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife. tic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil

ides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses. ic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come

stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems. active contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

o ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulaablish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which shall provide the same protection for public health.

ber of Contaminants Required to be Tested

e displays the number of contaminants that were required to be tested in the last five years. The CCR may contain up to five years' worth of water quality results. If a stem tests annually, or more frequently, the results from the most recent year are shown on the CCR. If testing is done less frequently, the results shown on the CCR are

five years.	# of Contaminants
five years. Contaminant Group	2
me to a distriction of the control o	
Lancada Conteminante	
Out at a Contaminants including Posticides and Herbicides	
U Island Contemporate	
Volatile Organic Contaminants	20

Volatile Organic Contaminants

IUM (ppm)

ninant MCL MCLG (TCR) presence of 0 coliform bacteria	ants Level Found 1	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2010)	Violation Typical Source of Contaminant NO Natural present in the environment
in >=5% of monhly samples				
fection byproducts	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2010)	Violation Typical Source of Contaminant

ninant ppb) (ppb)	MCL 60 80	MCLG 60 0	Level Found 2 10.4	Range 1-2 10.4-10.4	Sample Date (if prior to 2010) 09/13/2010 08/17/2010	Violation NO NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination
ganic (minant (IC (ppb)	MCL	ninants MCLG n/a	Level Found 2	Range 2-2	Sample Date (if prior to 2010) 07/26/2011	Violation NO	Typical Source of Contaminant Erosion of national deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics
IM (ppm)	2	2	.053	.048053	07/26/2011	NO	production wastes Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries;
ER (ppm) AL=1.3	1.3		0 of 10 resul		NO	Erosion of natural deposits Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits:

ER (ppm) AL=1.3	1.3		0 of 10 results were above the action level	08/31/2011	NO	Erosion of natural deposits Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from
RIDE (ppm) 4	4	.5	.25	07/26/2011	NO	wood preservatives Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
) (ppb) AL=15	0	3.10	0 of 10 results	08/31/2011 were above the	NO	Corrosion of household plumbing systems Erosion of natural deposits
EL (ppb) 100		1,4000	action level 1.000-1.4000	07/26/2011	NO	Nickel occurs naturally in soils, ground water and surface waters and is often used in electroplating, stainless steel and alloy products.
11114 () w/o	nla	14.00	13.00-14.00	07/26/2011	NO	n/a

dioactive Contamina	ants Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2007)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
)SS ALPHA, EXCL. R & U (pCi/l 15 0	2.4	2.4	07/26/2011	NO	Erosion of natural deposits
)SS ALPHA INCL. R & U (n/a) n/a n/a	2.4	2.4	07/26/2011	NO	Erosion of natural deposits
)(UM (226+228) (pCi/.) 5 0	4.8	4.8	07/26/2011	. NO	Erosion of natural deposits

13.00-14.00

regulated Contamina	i nts Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2011)	Violation T	ypical Source of Contaminant
OMODICHLOROMETHANE (ppb) n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a comprorm (ppb) n/a n/a LOROFORM (ppb) n/a n/a	1.70 5.9 .43	1.10-1.70 4.60-5.90 .2243	09/13/2010 08/17/2010 09/13/2010	NO NO	n/a n/a n/a

which the published

before me, une, 2013.

consin 2, 2017.

